

(DN) Copy and complete the statement:

In lesson 4.1L, SAS stood for _____. What will these abbreviations stand for?

ASA _____ SSA _____

SSS _____ AAA _____

AAS _____

HL _____ (this one is a challenge)

Name _____ Per _____

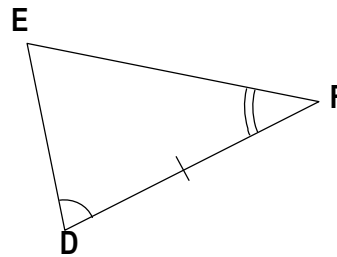
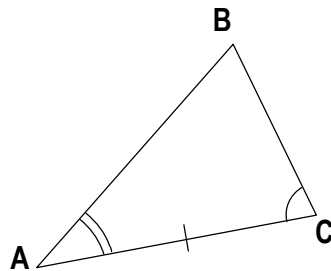
LO: I can determine whether or not two triangles can be proven congruent by any shortcuts besides SAS.

(1) Congruence: A sequence of transformations

ASA

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge, tracing paper

Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle A'B'C'$ back to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.



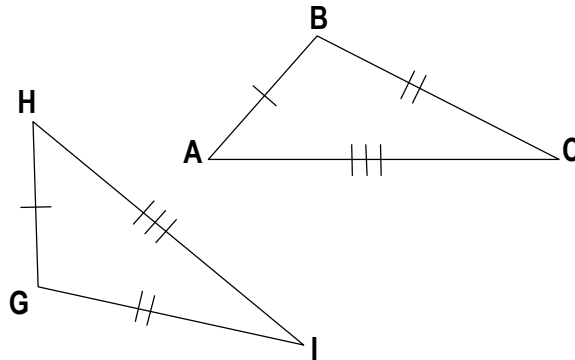
ASA does / does not guarantee that 2 triangles are congruent.

□ (2)

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge, tracing paper

Congruence: A sequence of transformations**SSS**

Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle HGI$ to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.



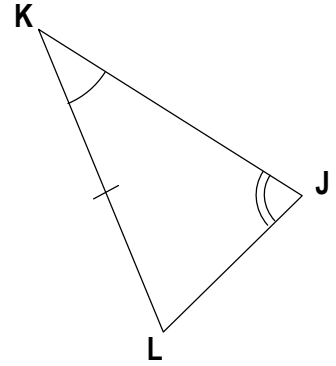
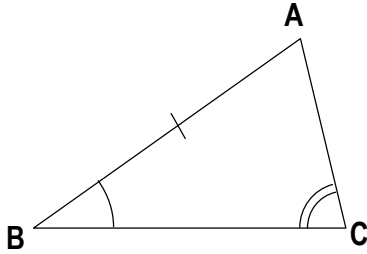
SSS does / does not guarantee that 2 triangles are congruent.

(3)

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge, tracing paper

Congruence: A sequence of transformations**AAS**

Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle LKJ$ to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.



AAS does / does not guarantee that 2 triangles are congruent.

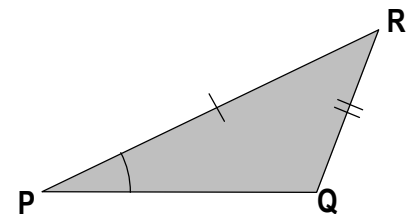
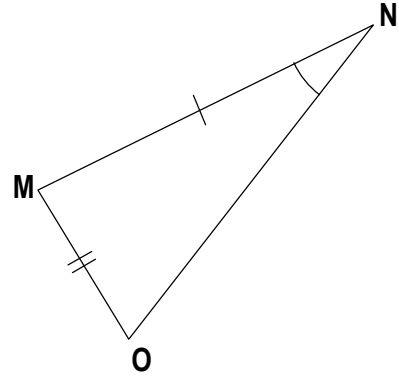
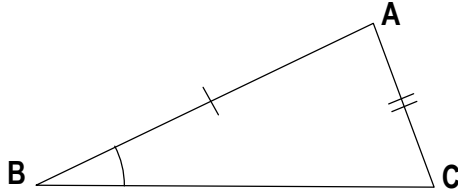
□ (4)

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge, tracing paper

Congruence: A sequence of transformations

SSA

Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle MNO$ to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.



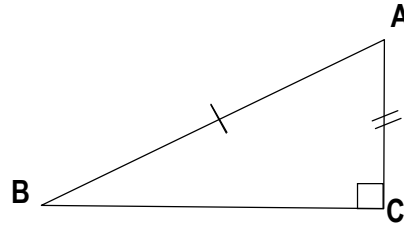
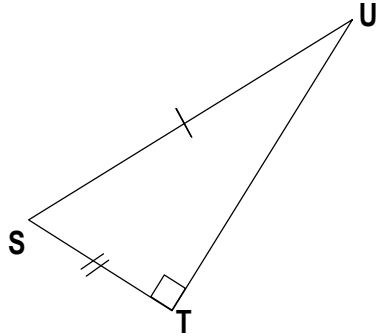
SSA does / does not guarantee that 2 triangles are congruent.

(5a) **Congruence: A sequence of transformations**

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge, tracing paper

HL

Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle SUT$ to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.

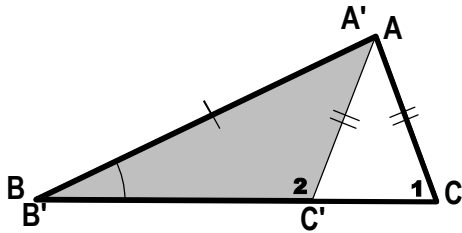


HL does / does not guarantee that 2 triangles are congruent.

(5b) Why does SSA work for right triangles?

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge, tracing paper

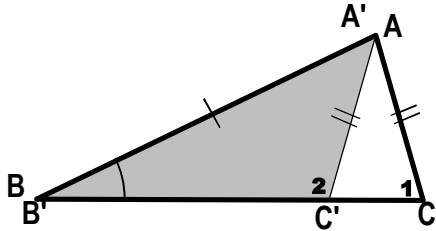
Focus on the shaded triangle and the large triangle (bold sides).



Angle 1 is an _____ angle

Angle 2 is an _____ angle

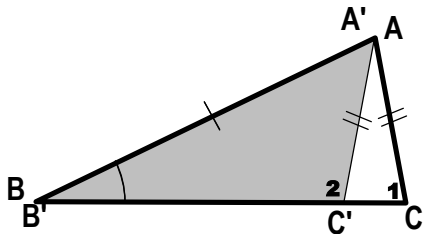
The shaded and large triangles **are / are not** congruent?



Angle 1 is an _____ angle

Angle 2 is an _____ angle

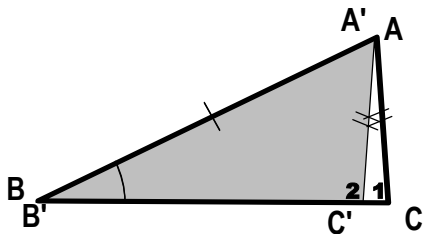
The shaded and large triangles **are / are not** congruent?



Angle 1 is an _____ angle

Angle 2 is an _____ angle

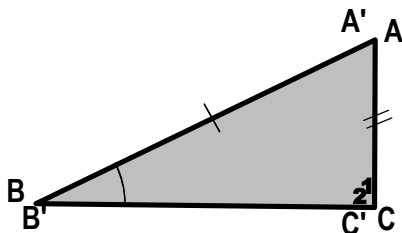
The shaded and large triangles **are / are not** congruent?



Angle 1 is an _____ angle

Angle 2 is an _____ angle

The shaded and large triangles **are / are not** congruent?



Angle 1 is an _____ angle

Angle 2 is an _____ angle

The shaded and large triangles **are / are not** congruent?

Because SSA is really a _____ a _____ and a _____
so we don't call it SSA, but instead we call it HL≅.

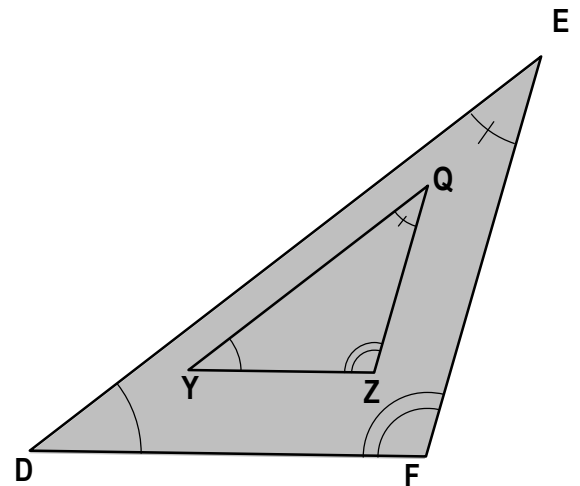
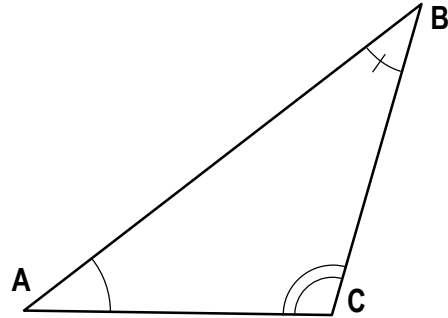
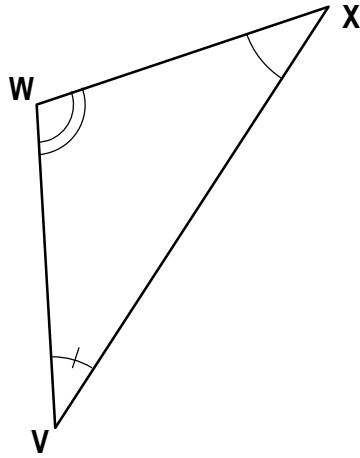
(6)

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge, tracing paper

Congruence: A sequence of transformations

AAA

Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle XVW$ to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.



AAA does / does not guarantee that 2 triangles are congruent.

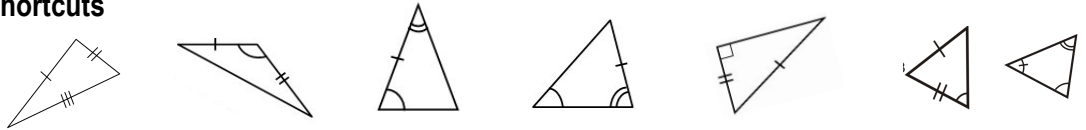
(7) Notes for congruent triangles and proof

N13, N14
Scissors,
glue, tape,
descrip-
s for N13,
N14

Cut, arrange, check, and THEN glue or tape

(8) Congruent Triangle Shortcuts

If I see:



My reason will be: _____

Complete each statement below:

1. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

2. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

3. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

4. $\triangle GHJ \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

5. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

6. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

7. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

8. $\triangle DEF \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

9. $\triangle JKL \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

10. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

11. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

12. $\triangle MNO \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ by $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

(9) **Exit Ticket**

Draw a pair of triangles for each triangle congruence shortcut. MARK CONGRUENT PARTS.

SAS ASA SSS AAS HL

(10) **Homework:** Determine whether the triangles are congruent by SAS, ASA, SSS, AAS, or HL congruence.

